According to the death records of the Indiana State Department of Health in 2006, how many Hoosiers The most common healthcare associated infection is: deaths were associated with Clostridium difficile? Surgical Site infection Methicillin-resistant Staphlococcus Aureus a. 89 deaths c. Clostridium difficile 189 deaths d. Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infection c. 8 deaths d. 1, 890 deaths Based on a 2008 study by the Association of Professionals in Infection Control, what percent of In 2007, the US hospital costs associated with hospital individuals diagnosed with Clostridium difficile were acquired Clostridium difficile exceeded: over the age of 60 years? \$2.6 trillion a. 16.2% b. \$1.3 million b. 69.2% c. \$3.2 billion c. 29.6% d. \$9.8 million d. 42.9% Which of the following infections requires hand Clostridium difficile spores can live on a hard surface hygiene with soap and water rather than an alcohol for: based hand rub to prevent transmission? a. 5 hours a. Surgical Site infection b. 5 days Methicillin-resistant Staphlococcus Aureus c. 5 months Clostridium difficile C. d. 5 weeks Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infection Performing hand hygiene is one of the best practices 7. When washing your hands with soap and water it is for preventing infections. According to best practice important to: guidelines, hand hygiene should be performed every patient/resident or equipment contact. a. rinse often b. use the hottest water you can tolerate in between c. create hand friction before and after d. include your forearms and elbows c. only after d. just before Based on a 2003 study published in Clinical 10. When using soap and water to clean your hands, you Infectious Diseases, the organizational cost per should wet your hands, apply soap, and then rub your catheter associated urinary tract infection is: hands together for at least: a. \$100,006.00 a. 40 seconds b. \$106.00 30 seconds h

20 seconds

d. 10 seconds

c. \$10,006.00

d. \$1,006.00

- 11. Gloves are NOT necessary as part of standard precautions when:
- a. a catheter bag is being emptied
- b. an incontinent patient is being repositioned
- c. pills are being dispensed
- d. a wound dressing is being changed

- 12. As of October 2009, how many states had mandatory reporting of healthcare associated infections?
  - a. 7
  - b. 28
  - c. 12
  - d. 35

- 13. The recommended cleaning solution for confirmed Clostridium difficile is:
  - a. 10% ammonia and water
  - b. 10% bleach and water
  - c. 10% vinegar and water
  - d. 10% alcohol and water

- 14. The collection bag for someone with a urinary catheter should be:
  - a. touched only with gloved hands
  - b. kept off the floor
  - c. emptied when it is one-fourth (1/4) full
  - d. sprayed with disinfectant daily

- 15. Which of the following is a symptom for possible Clostridium difficile?
  - a. Blurred vision
  - b. Heart palpitations
  - c. Diarrhea
  - d. Dizziness

- 16. When working with someone with *Clostridium difficile* who requires contact precautions, steps should be followed in this order:
- a. wash hands, put on gloves and gown, perform duties, remove gloves, remove gown, wash hands
- b. put on gloves and gown, perform duties, remove gloves, remove gown
- wash hands, put on gloves and gown, perform duties, remove gown, remove gloves
- d. wash hands, perform duties, wash hands
- 17. After cleaning with the recommended cleaning solution for confirmed *Clostridium difficile*, the wet surface should be:
- a. rinsed with fresh water
- b. wiped with paper towels
- c. sprayed with alcohol
- d. allowed to air dry

- 18. The recommended cleaning solution for confirmed *Clostridium difficile* should remain wet on the hard surface for at least:
  - a. 3 minutes
  - b. 5 minutes
  - c. 1 minute
  - d. 10 minutes

- 19. Which of the following is an indication for an indwelling catheter?
- a. Stage I pressure ulcer in an area that is continuously wet
- b. Caregiver preference
- c. Incontinence lasting longer than one month
- d. Terminal illness causing pain during position changes
- 20. Which of the following statements about antibiotics is true?
- a. Doctors should prescribe antibiotics for every patient with an infection
- Consumers should stop taking antibiotics when they start to feel better
- c. Doctors should prescribe an antibiotic whenever a patient requests one
- d. Consumers often request antibiotics when they are not appropriate

## ANSWER SHEET TO HEALTHCARE ASSOCIATED INFECTION QUESTIONS

QUESTION	ANSWER
1.	d.
2.	b.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	b.
4.	C.
5.	C.
6.	C.
7.	C.
8.	b.
9.	d.
10.	C.
11.	a.
12. 13.	b.
13.	b.
14.	b.
15.	C.
16.	a.
17.	d.
18	C.
19.	d.
20.	b.